Financial Statements of

# **ERIE SHORES HEALTHCARE**

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon Year ended March 31, 2022



KPMG LLP 618 Greenwood Centre 3200 Deziel Drive Windsor ON N8W 5K8 Canada Tel 519-251-3500 Fax 519-251-3530

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors and Members of Erie Shores HealthCare

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Erie Shores HealthCare (the "Hospital"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022
- · the statement of operations for the year then ended
- · the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital as at March 31, 2022, and its results of operations, its changes in net assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Hospital in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Hospital or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Hospital's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, internal omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to the events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Hospital's to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Windsor, Canada

LPMG LLP

June 28, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 9,971,052	\$ 4,260,924
Accounts receivable (notes 3 and 9)	7,619,124	6,730,314
Inventories	262,241	354,967
Prepaid expenses	753,891	557,509
	18,606,308	11,903,714
Capital assets (note 4)	19,925,319	21,316,320
	\$ 38,531,627	\$ 33,220,034
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15)	\$ 10,066,090	\$ 7,916,896
	\$ 10,066,090 521,750 10,587,840	\$ 412,948
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15) Unearned revenue	\$ 521,750 10,587,840	\$ 412,948 8,329,844
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15)  Unearned revenue  Deferred contributions for capital assets (note 5)	\$ 521,750 10,587,840 19,539,934	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15) Unearned revenue	\$ 521,750 10,587,840	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656 1,168,700
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15)  Unearned revenue  Deferred contributions for capital assets (note 5)  Post-employment benefits (note 13)	\$ 521,750 10,587,840 19,539,934 1,251,500	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656 1,168,700
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15)  Unearned revenue  Deferred contributions for capital assets (note 5)  Post-employment benefits (note 13)  Net assets:	\$ 521,750 10,587,840 19,539,934 1,251,500	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656 1,168,700 30,259,200
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15)  Unearned revenue  Deferred contributions for capital assets (note 5)  Post-employment benefits (note 13)	\$ 521,750 10,587,840 19,539,934 1,251,500 31,379,274	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656 1,168,700 30,259,200 555,664
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15) Unearned revenue  Deferred contributions for capital assets (note 5) Post-employment benefits (note 13)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets (note 12)	\$ 521,750 10,587,840 19,539,934 1,251,500 31,379,274 385,385	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656 1,168,700 30,259,200 555,664 2,405,170
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 15) Unearned revenue  Deferred contributions for capital assets (note 5) Post-employment benefits (note 13)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets (note 12)	\$ 521,750 10,587,840 19,539,934 1,251,500 31,379,274 385,385 6,766,968	\$ 412,948 8,329,844 20,760,656 1,168,700 30,259,200

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On behalf of the Board:	
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Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Ministry of Health /Local Health Integration Network (note 6)	\$ 56,832,944	\$ 47,284,590
Patient services	7,316,845	5,609,982
Cancer Care Ontario	146,024	68,929
Other revenues and recoveries (note 7)	1,423,716	1,158,547
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - equipment (note 5)	1,897,340	1,415,298
	67,616,869	55,537,346
Expenses:		
Salaries and purchased services	24,987,649	24,957,949
Employee benefits	7,656,678	6,533,017
Post-employment benefits (note 13)	158,400	152,800
Medical staff remuneration	13,355,998	9,012,680
Medical and surgical supplies	2,289,026	1,904,518
Drugs and medical gases	872,071	584,684
Supplies and other expenses	11,839,127	9,818,647
Amortization of equipment	1,899,087	1,421,259
	63,058,036	54,385,554
Excess of revenues over expenses from operations	4,558,833	1,151,792
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - building (note 5)	1,121,793	1,138,006
Amotization of buildings	(1,489,107)	(1,596,511)
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 4,191,519	\$ 693,287

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Statement of Change in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	Invested in Capital assets			Unrestricted	2022	2021		
Net assets, beginning of year	\$	555,664	\$	2,405,170	\$	2,960,834	\$	2,267,547
Excess of revenues over expenses		-		4,191,519		4,191,519		693,287
Changes in net assets invested in capital assets (note 12)		(170,279)		170,279		-		-
Net assets, end of year	\$	385,385	\$	6,766,968	\$	7,152,353	\$	2,960,834

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenues over expenses Items not involving cash:	\$ 4,191,519	\$ 693,287
Amortization of equipment	1,899,087	1,421,259
Amortization of buildings	1,489,107	1,596,511
Change in employee future benefit liability	82,800	85,400
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(3,019,133)	(2,553,304)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:		
Accounts receivable	(888,810)	(3,104,263)
Inventories	92,726	(179,959)
Prepaid expenses	(196,382)	272,514
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,149,194	1,076,430
Unearned revenue	108,802	43,221
	5,908,910	(648,904)
Capital activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(1,997,193)	(5,216,179)
Receipt of deferred capital contributions, net	1,798,411	5,274,864
	(198,782)	58,685
Increase (decrease) in cash	5,710,128	(590,219)
Cash, beginning of year	4,260,924	4,851,143
Cash end of year	\$ 9,971,052	\$ 4,260,924

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2022

Erie Shores HealthCare ("Hospital") is incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario. The Hospital is a registered charity and as such, is exempt from tax. The Hospital is principally involved in providing health care services to the Municipality of Leamington and Windsor-Essex County.

# 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

## (a) Revenue recognition:

Under the Health Insurance Act and the regulations thereto, the Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by the Ministry of Health (the "Ministry") and is negotiated jointly between the Hospital and the Erie St. Clair Local Health Integration Network (the "LHIN"). These financial statements reflect agreed funding arrangements approved by the LHIN with respect to the year ending March 31, 2022. Effective April, 2018, the Hospital was designated as a Non-HSFR Small Hospital by the Ministry. Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in a subsequent period.

The amount of any unrestricted contributions to the Hospital are not included in revenues until such time as funds are received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate of the related asset.

In particular, the amount of revenue recognized from the LHIN is a significant estimate. The Hospital has entered into a Hospital Service Accountability Agreement (the "H-SAA") that sets out the rights and obligations of the two parties in respect of funding provided to the Hospital by the LHIN. The H-SAA sets out certain performance standards and obligations that establish acceptable results for the Hospital's performance in a number of areas.

If the Hospital does not meet its performance standards or obligations, the LHIN has the right to adjust funding received by the Hospital. The LHIN is not required to communicate certain funding adjustments until after the submission of year end data. Since this data is not submitted until after the completion of the financial statements, the amount of LHIN funding received during the year may be increased or decreased subsequent to year end.

The amount of revenue recognized in these financial statements represents management's best estimates of amounts that have been earned during the year.

Revenue related to patient care and other activities is recognized when the service is provided.

# (b) Inventories:

Inventories consist of medical, pharmaceutical and office supplies that are not for sale. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

## (c) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments that extend the estimated useful life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Hospital's ability to provide services or the value of future economic benefits associated with the capital asset is less than its net book value, the carrying value is written down to its residual value.

Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as set out below.

Land	0%
Parking lots	10%
Land for development	0%
Buildings	2% to 5%
Furnishings and equipment	10% to 33 %

Construction in progress is not amortized until construction is substantially complete and the assets are ready for use. Land for development is not amortized until its future use is certain and the land is being utilized to serve the Hospital.

## (d) Vacation pay:

Vacation pay is accrued for all employees as entitlement to these payments is earned.

### (e) Post-employment benefits:

The Hospital provides defined retirement and post-employment benefits to certain employee groups. These benefits include health and dental. The Hospital has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

The costs of post-employment future benefits are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of health care costs, future salary levels, retirement ages of employees, discount rates and other actuarial factors. The most recent actuarial valuation of the benefit plans for funding purposes was as of March 31, 2020.

Adjustments to costs arising from changes in estimates and experience gains and losses are amortized to income over the estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight-line basis. The average remaining service period of the active employees is 14 years.

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

The costs of the multi-employer defined benefit pension are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period. As this is a multi-employer plan, no pension asset or liability has been recorded in the Hospital's financial statements.

The discount used in the determination of the above-mentioned liabilities is equal to the Hospital's long term cost of borrowing.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

## (f) Leased equipment:

Equipment leased on terms which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to the Hospital are accounted for as capital leases and are therefore accounted for as though an asset had been purchased and a liability incurred. All other items of equipment held on lease are accounted for as operating leases and expensed in the year incurred.

## (g) Financial instruments:

The Hospital classifies its financial instruments as either fair value or amortized cost. The Hospital's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

#### (i) Fair value:

This category includes cash.

### (ii) Amortized cost:

This category includes accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, unearned revenue and post-employment benefits. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Write-downs on financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net recoverable value with the write-down being recognized in the statement of operations.

## (iii) Contributed services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of time to assist the Hospital in carrying out its activities. The fair market value of these services is not readily determinable and, as such, it is not reflected in these statements.

#### (h) Related entities:

These financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities and operations of the Hospital. They do not include the assets, liabilities or operations of its auxiliaries.

The Erie Shores HealthCare Auxiliary ("Auxiliary") elects their own officers and formulates their own bylaws. The Hospital has a right to approve such and make changes where necessary.

Erie Shores Health Foundation ("Foundation)" is separately managed and reports to a separate board of Trustees.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Areas of key estimation include determination of useful lives of capital assets, revenue from LHIN/ the Ministry, allowance for doubtful accounts, accrued liabilities, unearned revenue, deferred revenue relating to capital assets, inventory obsolescence, legal settlement/ judgment, and actuarial estimation of post-employment benefits.

# (j) Restricted net assets:

The Hospital records certain contributions as restricted funds. Contributions are either externally restricted for specific purposes by the funder, or internally restricted for specific purposes by the Board of Directors.

#### 2. Financial instrument classification:

The following table provides cost and fair value information of financial instruments by category. The maximum exposure to credit risk would be the carrying value shown below.

		Amortized	2022
	Fair Value	cost	Total
Cash	\$ 9,971,052	\$ - \$	9,971,052
Accounts receivable	_	7,619,124	7,619,124
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	10,066,090	10,066,090
Unearned revenue	_	521,750	521,750
Post-employment benefits	_	1,251,500	1,251,500
	\$ 9,971,052	\$ 19,458,464 \$	5 29,429,516

	Fair Value	Amortized cost	2021 Total
Cash Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Post-employment benefits	\$ 4,260,924 - - - -	\$ - \$ 6,730,314 7,916,896 412,948 1,168,700	4,260,924 6,730,314 7,916,896 412,948 1,168,700
	\$ 4,260,924	\$ 16,228,858 \$	20,489,782

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 3. Accounts receivable:

	2022		2021
Insurers and patients	\$ 924,921	\$	1,179,379
Ministry	5,311,397	-	3,440,751
LHIN	<u> </u>		602,400
Erie Shores Health Foundation	746,602		1,135,733
HST rebates/ other	731,916		467,763
	7,714,836		6,826,026
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	95,712		95,712
	\$ 7,619,124	\$	6,730,314

# 4. Capital assets:

						2022		2021
			Α	ccumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost	6	amortization		value		value
Land	\$	8,104	\$	_	\$	8,104	\$	8,104
Parking lots		1,734,081		1,477,383		256,698		271,419
Land for development		742,186		_		742,186		742,186
Buildings		40,046,917		32,063,375		7,983,542		9,192,103
Furnishings and equipment		33,736,185		23,759,648		9,976,537		2,982,577
Construction in progress		958,252		_		958,252		8,119,931
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	\$	77,225,725	\$	57,300,406	\$	19,925,319	\$	21,316,320

# 5. Deferred contributions relating to capital assets:

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Additions Amortization of completed projects – equipment Amortization of completed projects – building	\$ 20,760,656 1,798,411 (1,897,340) (1,121,793)	\$ 18,039,096 5,274,864 (1,415,298) (1,138,006)
Balance, end of year	\$ 19,539,934	\$ 20,760,656

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 6. Revenues - Ministry /LHIN:

	2022	2021
LHIN global allocation One time payments Pandemic funding Other revenue from the Ministry /LHIN	\$ 34,774,667 7,296,699 7,218,806 7,542,772	\$ 33,256,949 1,510,284 8,327,111 4,190,246
	\$ 56,832,944	\$ 47,284,590

In connection with the ongoing coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19"), the Ministry has announced a number of funding programs intended to assist hospitals with incremental operating and capital costs and revenue decreases resulting from COVID-19. The Ministry has provided guidance with respect to the maximum amount of funding potentially available to the Hospital, as well as criteria for eligibility and revenue recognition. The Ministry has also indicated that all funding related to COVID-19 is subject to review and reconciliation, with the potential for adjustments during the subsequent fiscal year.

Management's estimate of Ministry revenue for COVID-19 is based on the most recent guidance provided by Ministry and the impacts of COVID-19 on the Hospital's operations, revenues and expenses. Any adjustments to Management's estimate of Ministry revenues will be reflected in the Hospital's financial statements in the year of settlement.

Details of the pandemic funding included in revenue are summarized below:

	2022	2021
Funding for incremental COVID-19 operating expenses	\$ 3,302,595	\$ -,,
Funding for Assessment Centre specimen collection Funding for revenue losses resulting from COVID-19	1,215,467 —	979,982 602,400
Funding for temporary physician pay	2,377,057	580,070
Funding for nurse retention incentive Funding for pandemic pay program	323,687 -	720,783
	\$ 7,218,806	\$ 8,327,111

In addition to the above, the Hospital has also recognized \$552,280 (2021 - \$175,900) in Ministry funding for COVID-19 related capital expenditures, which has been recorded as an addition to deferred capital contributions during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

## 7. Other revenue and recoveries:

	202	2	2021
Interest	\$ 15,38	1 :	\$ 16,053
Rent	106,52		94,279
External recoveries	835,92	7	682,956
Parking	274,15	3	237,081
Other	191,72	9	128,178
	\$ 1,423,71	6 \$	1,158,547

### 8. Pension plan:

Substantially all of the employees of the Hospital are members of the Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees of the participating members of the Ontario Hospital Association. Contributions to the plan made during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amounted to \$1,809,145 (2021 - \$1,768,639) and are included in employee benefits in the statement of operations for the Hospital.

### 9. Related entities:

### a) The Erie Shores Health Foundation:

The Hospital has an economic interest in the Erie Shores Health Foundation (the "Foundation") as one of the Foundation's mandates is to raise funds to support the Hospital. The Foundation is a tax-exempt entity without share capital incorporated under the laws of Ontario. Donations to the Hospital from the Foundations' boards of directors are required to meet prioritized needs not funded by the traditional sources. The net assets and results from operations of the Foundations are not included in the financial statements of the Hospital.

As at year end, an amount of \$925,265 (2021 - \$1,135,733) is recorded as accounts receivable from the Foundation. The Board and management have determined that all amounts will be collected within the next fiscal year and is included in current accounts receivable. During the year, the Hospital received donations in cash of \$2,291,266 (2021 - \$5,572,012) from the Foundation to assist with capital and other initiatives.

	2022	2021
Financial position : Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 12,382,669 1,673,696	\$ 12,916,622 2,094,026
Net assets	\$ 10,708,973	\$ 10,822,596

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 9. Related entities (continued):

# (a) The Erie Shores Health Foundation (continued):

	2022	2021
Results of operations:		
Total revenue	\$ 2,018,959	\$ 2,874,836
Total expenses	1,327,608	2,208,393
Total contributions to ESHC	804,977	4,293,315
Net loss for the year	\$ 113,626	\$ 3,626,872

## (b) Transform Shared Services Organization:

The Hospital along with Bluewater Health (BH), Chatham-Kent Health Alliance (CKHA), Hotel-Dieu Grace Healthcare (HDGH) and Windsor Regional Hospital (WRH) operates a not-for-profit without share capital under the laws of the Province of Ontario shared service organization called TransForm Shared Service Organization (TransForm).

TransForm provides information technology and system ("IT/IS") services and regional supply chain management (procurement, logistics and contract management) to the five participating member Hospitals. These services are provided at rates designed to reflect the costs and expenses incurred by TransForm in the normal course of business. Annual operating expenses are allocated between the Hospitals based on the provincial government funding provided to each Hospital as of the most recent fiscal year. In addition, the Hospital contributes toward approved capital improvements and other costs incurred by TransForm for those projects identified as being solely for its benefit.

During the year, the Hospital paid \$1,131,038 (2021 - \$1,100,010) to TransForm based on the funding formula as outlined in the Regular Member Service Agreement for IT/IS services, purchasing and payment processing, and leases. These expenditures are included in supplies and expenses on the statement of operations.

#### 10. Erie Shores HealthCare Auxiliary:

The Auxiliary is a volunteer organization that is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada). Under its constitution and by-laws, the stated purpose of the Auxiliary is to assist the Hospital. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic and closure of the gift shop, for the year ended August 31, 2021, the Auxiliary reported gross revenues of \$nil and total expenses of \$nil with a resulting net income of \$nil (2020 - \$187,023, \$91,757, and \$95,266, respectively). During the year, the Auxiliary did not donate any equipment (2020 - \$100,537) to the Hospital.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 11. Commitments and contingencies:

# (a) Contingencies:

The nature of the Hospital's activities is such that there is usually litigation pending or in progress at any time. With respect to claims as at March 31, 2022, management believes the Hospital has valid defences and appropriate insurance in place. In the event any claims are successful, management believes that such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the Hospital's financial position.

The Hospital is a member of the Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada (HIROC) which was established by hospitals and other organizations to self-insure. If the aggregate premiums paid after actuarial determination are not sufficient to cover claims, the Hospital will be required to provide an additional premium payment on a proportional basis. Similarly, if HIROC has accumulated an unappropriated surplus, which are the total premiums paid by all subscribers plus investment income, less the obligation for claim reserves, expenses and operating expenses, these surpluses may be paid out to the members on a proportional basis. As at March 31, 2022, no assessments or refund of premiums have been made.

To the extent permitted by law the Hospital indemnifies present and former directors and officers against certain claims that may be made against them as a result of their service as directors or officers: The Hospital purchases directors' and officers' liability insurance that may be available in certain instances. The likelihood of these arrangements preclude the Hospital from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount the Hospital could be required to pay to counterparties.

# (b) Commitments:

The Hospital has formulated a five-year plan to purchase various pieces of diagnostic and other capital equipment including renovations at an estimated cost of \$7,000,000. As at March 31, 2022 the Hospital has spent \$1,367,750 and has committed to a further \$1,084,435. These funds were included in the capital budget for March 31, 2022. During the fiscal year ESHC submitted Stage 1 and Pre-capital submissions to the Ministry. The project is on hold pending Ministry feedback.

The Hospital along with the four Hospitals within the LHIN entered into an agreement in 2009 that resulted in the creation of a non-share capital, not-for-profit corporation known as Transform to provide supply chain and IT services to the member hospitals. The Hospital has provided a guarantee to CIBC on behalf of Transform for its line of credit. The line of credit has an authorized maximum of \$1,300,000 with the Hospital's share amounting to 10.045% or \$130,585. To date nothing has been drawn on this line.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 11. Commitments and contingencies (continued):

The five member hospitals of TransForm have also provided a guarantee with respect to equipment that has been leased for TransForm's regional data centre. This guarantee from the respective hospitals limits the amount not to exceed the outstanding lease payments and is capped at the amount outstanding at the time of default. The guarantee limit is pro-rationally dispersed amongst the TransForm member hospitals based upon the funding formula outlined in their Regular Member Service Agreement. For the Hospital, this represents \$6,426 or 10.045% of the lease obligation outstanding as at March 31, 2022.

# 12. Net assets invested in capital assets:

Net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2022		2021
Capital assets – net	\$ 19,925,319	\$	21,316,320
Less: amounts funded by: Deferred capital contributions	(19,539,934	)	(20,760,656)
	\$ 385,385	\$	555,664

The net change in net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2022	2021
Purchase of capital assets Amounts funded by deferred capital contributions Amortization of capital assets Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$ 1,997,193 (1,798,411) (3,388,194) 3,019,133	\$ 5,216,179 (5,274,864) (3,017,770) 2,553,304
	\$ (170,279)	\$ (523,151)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 13. Post-employment benefits:

The Hospital provides extended health care and dental insurance benefits to certain of its employees and extends this coverage to the post-retirement period. The most recent actuarial valuation of employee future benefits was completed in March 2020.

As at March 31, 2022, the Hospital's post-employment benefits and related expenses are as follows:

	2022	2021
Accrued benefit obligation Unamortized gains (losses)	\$ 1,220,000 31,500	\$ 1,279,900 (111,200)
Accrued liability	\$ 1,251,500	\$ 1,168,700
Current year service loss Interest on accrued benefit obligation Amortized actuarial loss	\$ 80,600 42,500 35,300	\$ 77,000 41,400 34,400
	\$ (158,400)	\$ (152,800)

Above amounts exclude pension contributions to the Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOP"), a multi-employer plan, described in note 8.

Similar to most post-employment benefit plans (other than pension) in Canada, the Hospital's plan is not pre-funded, resulting in a plan deficit equal to the accrued benefit obligation.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in estimating the Hospital's accrued benefit obligations are as follows:

	2022	2021
Discount rate	3.89%	3.21%
Dental benefits cost escalation	3.80%	3.80%
Medical benefits cost escalation	3.80%	3.80%

#### 14. Lines of credit:

The Hospital has arranged for various credit facilities to assist with upcoming capital projects. The Hospital has available a \$4,000,000 line of credit to assist with operational needs as well as \$9,000,000 in three separate credit facilities to assist with various capital additions and the hospital information system project. All lines of credit will carry interest at Royal Bank prime minus 0.5% (currently 2.65%). The Hospital has not drawn on any of the available credit.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 15. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are government remittances payable of \$58,860 (2021 - \$64,635) which includes any amounts payable for HST and premiums for workers' safety insurance board.

## 16. Capital management:

In managing capital, the Hospital focuses on liquid resources available for operations. The Hospital's objective is to have sufficient liquid resources to continue operating despite adverse financial events and to provide it with the flexibility to take advantage of opportunities that will advance its purposes. In addition, the Hospital is required to achieve certain performance measures related to working capital set out in the H-SAA. The need for sufficient liquid resources and achieving the performance measures is considered in the preparation of an annual budget and in the monitoring of cash flows and actual operating results compared to the budget.

As at March 31, 2022, the Hospital met its objective of having sufficient liquid resources to meet its current obligations and the performance measures related to working capital set out in the H-SAA.

## 17. Economic dependence:

The Hospital received a significant portion of its total revenue from the Erie St. Clair LHIN and the Ministry.

#### 18. Financial risks:

### (a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Hospital if a debtor fails to make payments of interest and principal when due. The Hospital is exposed to this risk relating to its cash and accounts receivable. The Hospital holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation. In the event of default, each of the Hospital's cash accounts are insured up to \$100,000 (2021 - \$100,000).

Accounts receivable is primarily due from OHIP, the Ministry, the Foundation and patients. Credit risk is mitigated by the financial solvency of the provincial government and the highly diversified nature of the patient population.

The Hospital measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. Included in accounts receivable are amounts aged greater 90 days aggregating to \$338,254 (2021 - \$273,148); these include patient receivables in the amount of \$266,086 (2021 - \$227,826), the Foundation \$62,456 (2021 - \$38,012) and others \$9,712 (2021 - \$7,310). All other accounts receivables are current. An impairment allowance is set up based on the Hospital's historical experience regarding collection.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

# 18. Financial instruments (continued):

#### (b) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and equity risk. The Hospital is not exposed to significant currency or equity risk as it does not transact materially in foreign currency or hold equity financial instruments.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

# (c) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates. The Hospital is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

# (d) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Hospital always mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and maintaining sufficient cash resources. There have been no significant changes to liquidity risk from the previous year.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 30 days of receipt of an invoice.

As disclosed in note 14, the operating lines of credit remain available to the Hospital.

# (e) Impact of COVID-19 pandemic:

In response to COVID-19 and consistent with guidance provided by the Ministry and other government agencies, the Hospital has implemented a number of measures to protect patients and staff from COVID-19. In addition, the Hospital has actively contributed towards the care of COVID-19 patients and the delivery of programs that protect public health.

The Hospital continues to respond to the pandemic and plans for continued operational and financial impacts during the 2022 fiscal year and beyond. Management has assessed the impact of COVID-19 and believes there are no significant financial issues that compromise its ongoing operations. The outcome and timeframe to a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable, thus it is not practicable to estimate and disclose its effect on future operations at this time.